

Activity 2: The Magnetic Interaction

Name	Date	Class
Key Question		
xplore Your Ideas		
experiment 1: If a magnet is broagnet?	ought near another magnet, what l	happens to the other
. What happens to the second m	nagnet?	
. What happens to the second m	nagnet? How does this compare with	the previous step?
. Complete the following statem		
	t, they	
	(always attract each othe	r, always repel each
other, can either attract or		

Experiment 2: If a magnet is brought near a metal, what happens to the metal?

Table: Observations of How Metals Interact with a Magnet				
Material	Step 1 What happens when the magnet is brought closer and closer to the piece of material?	Step 2 What happens when the magnet is turned over and brought closer and closer to the piece of material? How does this differ, if at all, from the previous step?		
Steel				
Copper				
Aluminum				
Nickel				

4.	Did the magnet interact with all the metals, with none of the metals, or with only some of the metals?
5.	Complete the following statement:
	When a magnet and magnetic material interact, they
	(always attract each other, always repel each
	other, can either attract or repel each other).
	My evidence is
Ex	xperiment 3: Is a compass needle a magnet?
6.	Which student do you think is right, Isabel or Otis? Or do you have a different answer?

7.	What happens to the end of the compass needle that was originally pointing north? Does it move toward the magnet, away from the magnet, or does it remain motionless?
8.	What happens to the end of the compass needle that was originally pointing north? Does it move toward the magnet, away from the magnet, or does it remain motionless?
9.	Is this the same observation you made in Step 2 or is the observation different?
10	. Complete the following statement: A compass needle (is, is not) a magnet. My evidence is
M	ake Sense of Your Ideas
1.	Do magnets interact with each other?
2.	Suppose you had two objects and you knew that one of them was a magnet. What test(s) do you need to do to convince yourself that the other object was also a magnet?

3.	What test(s) do you need to do to convince yourself that the other object was a magnetic material but not a magnet?		
4.	Look back over the discussion between Isabel and Otis. Which of them do you agree with now?		
0	ur Consensus Ideas		
Th	ne key question for this activity is:		
	What are the defining characteristics of a magnetic interaction?		
1.	Write the team answer to the question, along with the supporting reasons (evidence).		
2.	Indicate the experiments or experiments in this activity that provide the evidence to support the scientists' ideas. Record this on the <i>Scientists' Consensus Ideas: The Magnetic Interaction</i> form.		